



## Personalized Learning in Electronics: The Role of AI in High School Classrooms

<sup>1</sup>Shweta Khakhkhar, <sup>2</sup>Dharmik Dobariya  
<sup>1</sup>PGT Physics, <sup>2</sup>Student Class 12 Science,  
<sup>1</sup>Department of science,  
<sup>1</sup>Adani Vidya Mandir, Ahmedabad, India

### Abstract

This paper explores the transformative potential of artificial intelligence (AI) in teaching electronics at the high school level. By leveraging intelligent tutoring systems, virtual labs, and AI-powered assessment tools, AI can offer personalized learning experiences, real-time feedback, and make complex electronics concepts more accessible. This study assesses the impact of AI-based teaching methods on student engagement, understanding, and academic performance, presenting findings from a research study conducted with high school students. The paper discusses the advantages, challenges, and future prospects of integrating AI into electronics education.

*Key words: Artificial Intelligence (AI), Electronics Education, Personalized Learning, Student Engagement*

### 1. Introduction

Teaching electronics in high school involves both theoretical knowledge and practical skills, which can be challenging to convey through traditional methods. Conventional educational approaches often fail to engage all students effectively, leading to varied learning outcomes. AI has emerged as a potential solution to this problem by providing personalized and interactive learning experiences. This paper examines how AI tools can enhance electronics education and presents findings from a study conducted with high school students to evaluate the effectiveness of AI-based teaching methods.

### 2. Literature Review

The integration of artificial intelligence (AI) into education, particularly in teaching electronics, has been widely studied. Various sources highlight AI's potential benefits and challenges, reflecting its evolving role in enhancing educational experiences.

- EdTech Magazine explores the advantages of AI tools in improving student outcomes across subjects such as mathematics and science. This source underscores the potential of AI to enhance electronics education by offering personalized learning experiences that cater to individual student needs.
- CircuitLab provides online circuit simulations, which allow students to experiment with electronic circuits in a virtual environment. This facilitates safe experimentation without physical risks and supports the integration of virtual labs in electronics teaching.
- Tinkercad offers a platform for designing and simulating electronic circuits online. This tool demonstrates how virtual tools can enrich the learning experience by providing interactive and hands-on opportunities for students to design and test circuits.



- Carnegie Learning focuses on AI tutoring systems that adapt to the individual performance of students. These systems are particularly relevant for customizing electronics education, as they allow for personalized instruction based on each student's progress and understanding.
- Gradescope employs AI-powered grading systems to provide detailed feedback and faster assessments. This capability is beneficial for efficiently evaluating electronics courses and ensuring that students receive timely and constructive feedback.
- Alvarez and Djaouti (2018), in their paper "Artificial Intelligence in Education: Challenges and Opportunities for Sustainable Development," examine how AI can enhance education while promoting sustainability. They discuss AI's potential for personalizing learning and improving access but also highlight challenges such as technical complexities, ethical concerns, and equity issues. The paper calls for further research and policy measures to effectively integrate AI into education while addressing these challenges.
- Blikstein (2018) discusses how AI and machine learning (ML) can revolutionize education by offering personalized learning, administrative efficiency, and improved educational tools. However, the paper also highlights challenges such as data privacy, algorithmic bias, and the need for adequate training for educators and students. Blikstein advocates for careful ethical considerations and collaborative efforts to integrate these technologies effectively and equitably into educational systems.
- Cai and Lee (2018) review AI techniques used in adaptive educational systems, emphasizing their ability to personalize learning. They note challenges like biases and computational demands that must be addressed. Similarly, Chen et al. (2019) discuss AI applications such as intelligent tutoring and automated assessments, calling for more research on ethical issues and effective implementation. Both papers stress AI's potential to transform education while highlighting key challenges.
- Cheng, Yang, and Yang (2020) investigate AI's role in online education, focusing on its use in intelligent tutoring, automated grading, and adaptive learning. They note AI's benefits in personalizing education and improving engagement but raise concerns about data privacy and system biases. The paper highlights AI's potential to enhance online learning while addressing implementation challenges.
- Wang, Hu, Chen, and Zuo (2020) review AI's impact on education, noting benefits such as personalized learning, automated feedback, and administrative support. They also highlight challenges like integration into existing systems and concerns about data privacy and fairness. The paper underscores AI's transformative potential in education while addressing key implementation issues.
- Xu, Huang, Cai, and Hu (2018) examine AI's role in education, focusing on its use in intelligent tutoring, adaptive learning, and automated assessment. They emphasize AI's potential to enhance personalized learning and administrative efficiency but also point out challenges related to infrastructure, data security, and algorithmic bias.



- Zhou, Xu, Zhang, Liu, and Hu (2021) investigate AI technology's research and application in education, emphasizing its impact on enhancing learning experiences through personalized instruction, intelligent tutoring systems, and data-driven insights. They highlight AI's potential to improve student engagement and learning outcomes while streamlining administrative tasks. The paper also addresses challenges such as integrating AI with existing educational practices and ensuring data privacy and ethical use.
- Dr. Firas Khairi Yhya Alhafidh explores how AI can enhance teaching efficiency and effectiveness by automating tasks, personalizing learning, and supporting educators. His review highlights AI's potential to streamline administrative work and tailor educational experiences, while also noting challenges such as data privacy and potential biases. The paper underscores the transformative impact of AI on education and calls for careful implementation to maximize its benefits.

This literature review demonstrates the growing body of research on AI's role in education, particularly in electronics teaching. It highlights both the opportunities and challenges associated with integrating AI into educational practices, providing a comprehensive understanding of its potential impact.

### 3. Study Conducted on Students

Location: Adani Vidya Mandir, Ahmedabad

Duration: 1 months

Participants: 50 students from classes 6 to 8 and 80 students from classes 9 to 12

AI Tools Used:

- Intelligent Tutoring Systems (ITS)
- Virtual Labs (Tinkercad Circuits)
- AI-Powered Assessment (Gradescope)

Student Group	AI Tools Used	Engagement	Understanding	Academic Performance	Feedback
classes 6 to 8	ITS, ATL Labs	Increased engagement (85%)	Improved understanding of circuits (80%)	75% scored A or B	Positive feedback on interactive learning
classes 9 to 12	ITS, ATL Labs, AI Assessment	High engagement (90%)	Better grasp of complex topics (85%)	70% scored above B	Appreciated personalized feedback

### 4. Results of the Study



The study revealed several key outcomes:

- **Improved Engagement:** Students demonstrated greater interest in electronics when using AI tools. Engagement increased by 85% in classes 6 to 8 and by 90% in classes 9 to 12.
- **Better Understanding:** Both groups of students reported improved comprehension of electronic concepts, with 80% of students in classes 6 to 8 and 85% in classes 9 to 12 showing better understanding.
- **Higher Academic Performance:** There was a significant improvement in test scores, with 75% of students in classes 6 to 8 and 70% in classes 9 to 12 achieving grades of B or higher.
- **Positive Feedback:** Students valued the personalized learning experience and real-time feedback provided by AI tools. They particularly appreciated the interactive elements of virtual labs.

## 5. Applications of AI in Electronics

AI technologies extend beyond education and have applications in various areas of electronics manufacturing:

- **Wafer Defect Inspection:** AI can automate defect classification on semiconductor wafers, including cracks and scratches, by training deep learning models on image datasets.
- **Integrated Circuit Inspection:** AI helps in detecting defects in ICs such as bent or missing pins, which are challenging for traditional rules-based systems.
- **PCB Inspection:** Deep learning AI can detect and classify defects in PCBs, addressing challenges posed by the complexity of manufacturing processes.
- **Welding/Solder Inspection:** AI differentiates between acceptable variations and actual defects in welding and soldering processes.
- **Consumer Electronics Final Inspection:** AI aids in quality control by identifying defects and abnormalities in finished electronic products.
- **Display Inspection:** AI improves the accuracy of defect detection in electronic displays, such as TVs and monitors.
- **Surface Inspection:** AI enhances the reliability of surface defect detection on electronic products, including smartphone screens and keyboards.
- **Battery Inspection:** AI accommodates various defect types in battery production, including surface defects and corrosion.



- Solar Panel Inspection: AI helps identify defects in solar panels, improving efficiency and longevity by detecting issues such as cracks and bubbles.

## 6. Conclusions

AI has significant potential to revolutionize electronics education by making learning more personalized, interactive, and accessible. The study indicates that AI tools enhance student engagement, understanding, and academic performance compared to traditional teaching methods. Despite these benefits, challenges such as technical issues and the need for adaptation to existing curricula must be addressed. Future research should focus on further integrating AI into educational frameworks and supporting educators in effectively utilizing these tools.

## 7. Declarations

### Availability of data and material

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request.

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